

inner diameter of the annular seal ring 22. Positioning of the filter elements 20 during the latter described stage of the fabrication procedure, before molding of said one of the holding discs 24, is established by clamping between fixedly spaced rigid plates 30 and 32 on which resilient material layers 34 and 36 are respectively disposed. To facilitate molding, a thin mold release film 38 is placed on the resilient layer 34 underlying the lower ends of the elements 20 within the uncured body of epoxy resin retained within the seal ring 24 under pressure as denoted by arrow 40 and a clamping pressure on the plate 32 as denoted by arrow 42. The thickness of the holding discs 24 is determined by the height of the seal ring 22. When one of such discs 24 is so formed upon full curing of the epoxy resin after 24 hours for example, the element bundle as shown in FIG. 5 is then rotated 180° and the same fabrication procedure is repeated to form another holding disc 24 at the other ends of the elements 20, not shown in FIG. 5, to complete bundling of the elements before transfer to the module 10 for assembly therein.

Page 9, rewrite the ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE as follows:

Elongated processing elements are anchored at opposite ends thereof between holding discs retained within rigid seal rings enclosing a chamber within a cylindrical module housing, through which a flow of contaminate-laden bilgewater is conducted. Such discs are formed within the seal rings with the elongated elements positioned therein by deposit and curing of epoxy resin. Such elements are then assembled within the module housing to seal the chamber thereby established therein. Spacing between the bundled elements is maintained by spacers to accommodate filtration of the bilgewater during flow thereof through the chamber and lateral outflow of a cleansed filtered portion from the elements through a drain outlet.